



VYSOKÉ UČENÍ TECHNICKÉ V BRNĚ

BRNO UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

FAKULTA STROJNÍHO INŽENÝRSTVÍ

FACULTY OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

ÚSTAV AUTOMOBILNÍHO A DOPRAVNÍHO INŽENÝRSTVÍ

INSTITUTE OF AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERING

**MODIFIKACE ČTYŘVÁLCOVÉHO VZNĚTOVÉHO
MOTORU NA ZKUŠEBNÍ JEDNOVÁLEC**

MODIFICATION OF A FOUR CYLINDER DIESEL ENGINE TO A SINGLE CYLINDER TEST ENGINE

PŘÍLOHY K DIPLOMOVÉ PRÁCI

MASTER'S THESIS APPENDIX

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BRNO 2020

Príloha 1 Výpočet síl pôsobiacich v kľukovom mechanizme

```
% DIPLOMOVÁ PRÁCA
% Modifikace čtyřřvalcového vznětového motoru na zkušební jednoválec
% Attila Mátyás
% 2019 - 2020
% Copyright © 2019 Attila Mátyás All Rights Reserved
%_____

clear all
clc

% Vstupné parametre

Z = 120; % zdvih [mm]
L = 215; % dĺžka ojnice [mm]
n = 2200; % otáčky motoru [1/min]
D = 105; % vŕtanie [mm]
p0 = load('diesel2200rpm.dat'); % tlak [MPa]
mp = 2.0539; % hmotnosť piestnej skupiny [kg]
m_p = 2.9609; % hmotnosť posuvných častí [kg]
mro = 1.645; % hmotnosť rotačných častí ojnice [kg]

% Prevod jednotiek

p = p0*1000000; % tlak [Pa]
r = Z*0.001/2; % polomer kľukovej hriadele [m]
l = L*0.001; % dĺžka ojnice [m]
d = D*0.001; % vŕtanie [m]
omega = 2*pi*n/60; % uhlová rýchlosť [rad/s]
x = linspace(0, 4*pi, length(p));
x_deg = x*180/pi;

% Dráha piestu

s = r*((1-cos(x))+(r/l)*(1-cos(2*x))/4);
sI = r*(1-cos(x));
sII = r*(r/l)*(1-cos(2*x))/4;
plot(x_deg, s, x_deg, sI, x_deg, sII)
legend('s', 's_I', 's_II')
ax1 = gca;
ax1.XTick = 0:90:720;
ax1.XLim = [0, 720];
xlabel('Uhol natočenia kľukového hriadeľa [°]')
ylabel('Zdvih [m]')
title('Dráha piestu')
grid on

% Rýchlosť piestu

v = r*omega*(sin(x)+(r/l)*sin(2*x)/2);
vI = r*omega*sin(x);
vII = r*omega*(r/l)*sin(2*x)/2;
figure
plot(x_deg, v, x_deg, vI, x_deg, vII)
legend('v', 'v_I', 'v_II')
ax1 = gca;
```

```

ax1.XTick = 0:90:720;
ax1.XLim = [0, 720];
xlabel('Uhol natočenia kľukového hriadeľa [°]')
ylabel('Rýchlosť [m·s-1]')
title('Rýchlosť piestu')
grid on

% Zrýchlenie piestu

a = r*omega^2*(cos(x)+(r/l)*cos(2*x));
aI = r*omega^2*cos(x);
aII = r*omega^2*(r/l)*cos(2*x);
figure
plot(x_deg, a, x_deg, aI, x_deg, aII)
legend('a', 'a_I', 'a_II')
ax1 = gca;
ax1.XTick = 0:90:720;
ax1.XLim = [0, 720];
xlabel('Uhol natočenia kľukového hriadeľa [°]')
ylabel('Zrýchlenie [m·s-2]')
title('Zrýchlenie piestu')
grid on

% Priebeh tlaku

figure
plot(x_deg, p0)
legend('p_i')
ax1 = gca;
ax1.XTick = 0:90:720;
ax1.XLim = [0, 720];
xlabel('Uhol natočenia kľukového hriadeľa [°]')
ylabel('Spaľovací tlak [MPa]')
title('Priebeh spaľovacieho tlaku')
grid on

% Silové pôsobenie na piest

beta = asin(sin(x)*r/l);
Fp = p*pi*(d^2)/4;
Foy = -Fp + m_p*a;
Fox = Foy.*tan(beta);
Fo = Foy./cos(beta);
Fv = -Fox;

% Sila od tlaku plynov

figure
plot(x_deg, Fp)
legend('F_p')
ax1 = gca;
ax1.XTick = 0:90:720;
ax1.XLim = [0, 720];
xlabel('Uhol natočenia kľukového hriadeľa [°]')
ylabel('Sila od tlaku plynov [N]')
title('Priebeh sily od tlaku plynov')
grid on

```

```
% Sila zotrvačná v osi valca
```

```
Fs = -m_p * a;  
figure  
plot(x_deg, Fs)  
legend('F_s')  
ax1 = gca;  
ax1.XTick = 0:90:720;  
ax1.XLim = [0, 720];  
xlabel('Uhol natočenia kľukového hriadeľa [°]')  
ylabel('Zotrvačná sila [N]')  
title('Zotrvačná sila v osi valca')  
grid on
```

```
% Sila celková v osi valca
```

```
Fc = Fs + Fp;  
figure  
plot(x_deg, Fc)  
legend('F_c')  
ax1 = gca;  
ax1.XTick = 0:90:720;  
ax1.XLim = [0, 720];  
xlabel('Uhol natočenia kľukového hriadeľa [°]')  
ylabel('Celková sila [N]')  
title('Celková sila v osi valca')  
grid on
```

```
% Silové pôsobenie na ojníčny čap
```

```
gamma = pi-x-beta;  
Fod = mro*r*omega^2;  
Fn = Fod-Fo.*cos(gamma);  
Ft = -Fo.*sin(gamma);  
figure  
plot(x_deg, Fn, x_deg, Ft)  
legend('F_r', 'F_t')  
ax1 = gca;  
ax1.XTick = 0:90:720;  
ax1.XLim = [0, 720];  
xlabel('Uhol natočenia kľukového hriadeľa [°]')  
ylabel('Sila [N]')  
title('Radiálna a tangenciálna zložka výslednej sily')  
grid on
```

```
% Priebeh točivého momentu
```

```
Mk = Ft*r;  
figure  
plot(x_deg, Mk)  
legend('M_k')  
ax1 = gca;  
ax1.XTick = 0:90:720;  
ax1.XLim = [0, 720];  
xlabel('Uhol natočenia kľukového hriadeľa [°]')  
ylabel('Krútiaci moment [N·m]')  
title('Priebeh krútiaceho momentu jednovalcového motora')  
grid on
```

```

% Zotrvačné sily od posuvných častí 1. rádu

FsI = -m_p*r*(omega^2)*cos(x);
FsI_50 = -0.50*m_p*r*(omega^2)*cos(x);

% Zotrvačné sily od posuvných častí 2. rádu

FsII = -m_p*r*(omega^2)*(r/l)*cos(2*x);

% Celková zotrvačné sily od posuvných častí pred

Fs_c = FsI + FsII;
figure
plot(x_deg, Fs_c, x_deg, FsI, x_deg, FsII)
ylim([-15000,10000]);
legend('Fs_c', 'Fs_I', 'Fs_I-I')
ax1 = gca;
ax1.XTick = 0:90:720;
ax1.XLim = [0, 720];
xlabel('Uhol natočenia kľukového hriadeľa [°]')
ylabel('Zotrvačná síla posuvných častí [N]')
title('Celková zotrvačná síla posuvných častí')
grid on

% Celková zotrvačné sily od posuvných častí po

Fs_c = FsI_50 + FsII;
figure
plot(x_deg, Fs_c, x_deg, FsI_50, x_deg, FsII)
ylim([-15000,10000]);
legend('Fs_c', 'Fs_I_5_0', 'Fs_I-I')
ax1 = gca;
ax1.XTick = 0:90:720;
ax1.XLim = [0, 720];
xlabel('Uhol natočenia kľukového hriadeľa [°]')
ylabel('Zotrvačná síla posuvných častí [N]')
title('Celková zotrvačná síla posuvných častí')
grid on
A = max(FsI);
B = max(FsI_50);
C = A - B;
D = min(Fn);
E = max(Fp);
disp(['Zotrvačna sila pred = ' num2str(A) ' N'])
disp(['Zotrvačna sila po = ' num2str(B) ' N'])

% Točivý moment a výkon motora

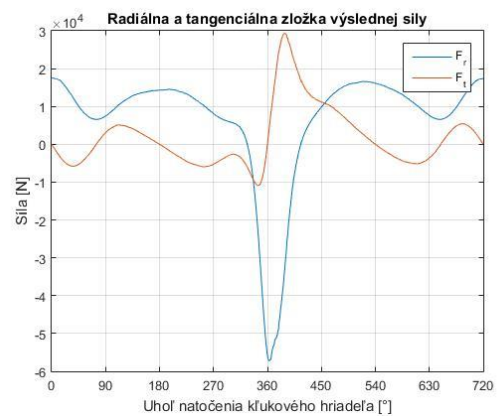
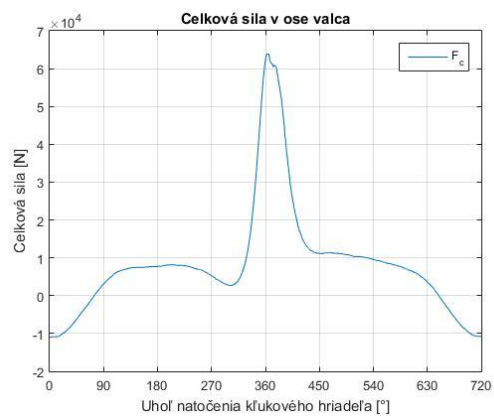
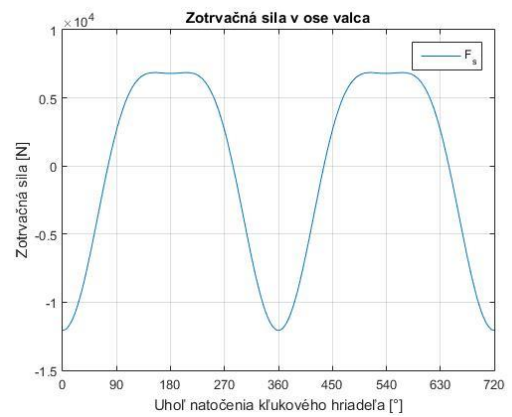
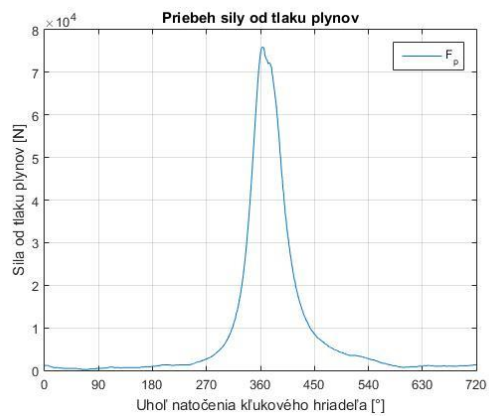
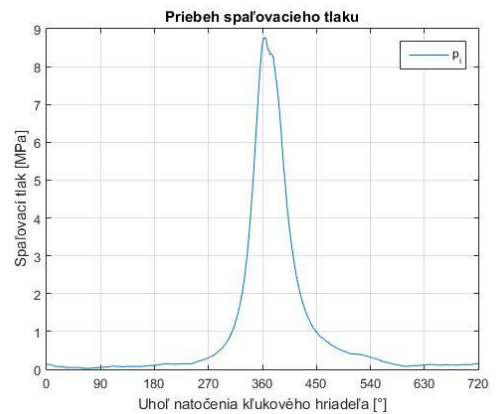
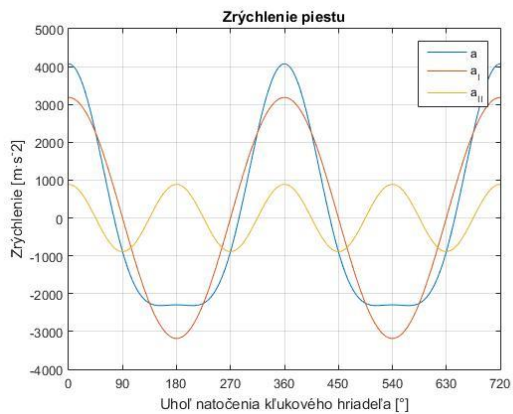
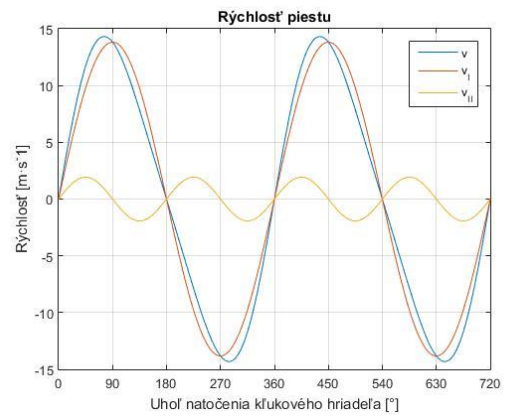
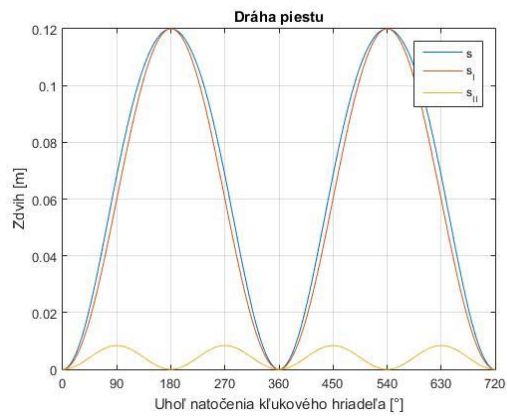
Mk_prum = mean(Mk);
disp(['Priemerný moment jednovalcoveho motora = ' num2str(Mk_prum) ' Nm'])
P_prum = Mk_prum*omega;
disp(['Priemerný výkon jednovalcoveho motora = ' num2str(P_prum/1000) ' kw'])

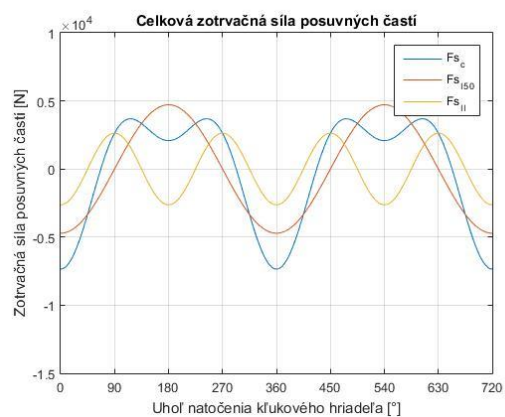
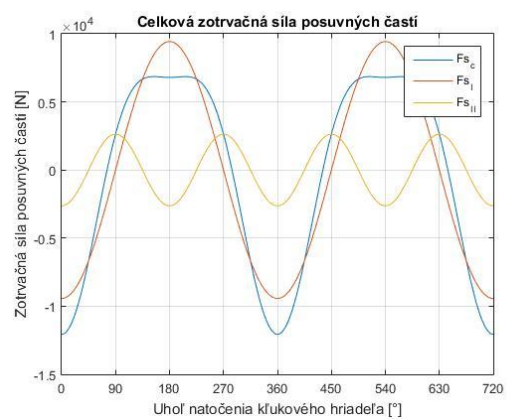
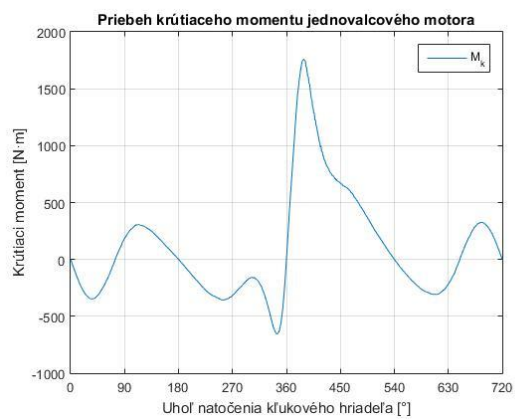
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```

Zotrvačna sila pred = 9429.1695 N
Zotrvačna sila po = 4714.5847 N
Priemerný moment jednovalcoveho motora = 103.2119 Nm
Priemerný výkon jednovalcoveho motora = 23.7783 kw

```





Príloha 2 Výpočet torzného kmitania skúšobného motora

1.1 Vstupné parametre

$$J_{rem} := 1.4498448 \cdot 10^7 \text{ gm} \cdot \text{mm}^2 = 0.0145 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

$$J_{zal_1} := 2.6212335 \cdot 10^7 \text{ gm} \cdot \text{mm}^2 = 0.02621 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

$$J_{zal_2} := 2.6212335 \cdot 10^7 \text{ gm} \cdot \text{mm}^2 = 0.02621 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

$$J_{zal_3} := 2.6212335 \cdot 10^7 \text{ gm} \cdot \text{mm}^2 = 0.02621 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

$$J_{zal_4} := 3.1010654 \cdot 10^7 \text{ gm} \cdot \text{mm}^2 = 0.03101 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

$$J_{zotr} := 6.8710211 \cdot 10^8 \text{ gm} \cdot \text{mm}^2 = 0.6871 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

$$J_{vol_kon} := 7.9713281 \cdot 10^5 \text{ gm} \cdot \text{mm}^2 = 0.0008 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

$$J_{prir} := 4.1786378 \cdot 10^6 \text{ gm} \cdot \text{mm}^2 = 0.00418 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

$$m_{psk} := 2053.9 \text{ gm}$$

$$m_{oj_rot} := 1645 \text{ gm}$$

$$m_{oj_pos} := 907 \text{ gm}$$

$$r := 60 \text{ mm}$$

$$l := 215 \text{ mm}$$

$$\lambda := \frac{r}{l} = 0.27907$$

1.2 Výpočet momentov zotrvačnosti

1.2.1 Redukovaný moment zotrvačnosti rotačných častí

$$J_{rot} := m_{oj_rot} \cdot r^2 = 0.00592 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

1.2.2 Redukovaný moment zotrvačnosti posuvných častí

$$J_{pos} := \left((m_{psk} + m_{oj_pos}) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\lambda^2}{8} \right) \right) r^2 = 0.00543 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

1.2.3 Redukovaný moment zotrvačnosti jednotlivých zalomení

$$J_{zal_1_red} := J_{zal_1} + J_{rot} = 0.03213 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

$$J_{zal_2_red} := J_{zal_2} + J_{rot} = 0.03213 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

$$J_{zal_3_red} := J_{zal_3} + J_{rot} = 0.03213 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

$$J_{zal_4_red} := J_{zal_4} + J_{rot} + J_{pos} = 0.04237 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

1.2.4 Redukovaný moment zotrvačnosti na strane remenice

$$J_{rem_red} := J_{rem} + J_{vol_kon} = 0.0153 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

1.2.5 Redukovaný moment zotrvačnosti na strane zotrvačníka

$$J_{zotr_red} := J_{zotr} + J_{prir} = 0.69128 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

1.3 Výpočet redukovaných dĺžok

1.3.1 Redukovaná dĺžka zalomenia

$$D_{red_zal} := 80 \text{ mm}$$

$$L_{hc} := 44 \text{ mm}$$

$$L_{oc} := 40 \text{ mm}$$

$$L_{zal} := 26 \text{ mm}$$

$$D_{hc} := 80 \text{ mm}$$

$$D_{oc} := 66 \text{ mm}$$

$$B_{zal} := 90 \text{ mm}$$

$$L_{red_zal} := D_{red_zal}^4 \cdot \left(\frac{L_{hc} + 0.4 \cdot D_{hc}}{D_{hc}^4} + \frac{L_{oc} + 0.4 \cdot D_{oc}}{D_{oc}^4} + \frac{r - 0.2 \cdot (D_{hc} + D_{oc})}{L_{zal} \cdot B_{zal}^3} \right) = 285.89447 \text{ mm}$$

1.3.2 Redukovaná dĺžka na strane remenice

$$l_{1_rem} := 34 \text{ mm}$$

$$d_{1_rem} := 20 \text{ mm}$$

$$D_{red_rem} := 80 \text{ mm}$$

$$l_{2_rem} := 18 \text{ mm}$$

$$d_{2_rem} := 40 \text{ mm}$$

$$l_{3_rem} := 29 \text{ mm}$$

$$d_{3_rem} := 40 \text{ mm}$$

$$L_{red_rem} := l_{2_rem} + \frac{L_{red_zal}}{2} + l_{1_rem} \cdot \frac{D_{red_rem}^4}{d_{2_rem}^4 - d_{1_rem}^4} + l_{3_rem} \cdot \frac{D_{red_rem}^4}{d_{3_rem}^4} = 1205.2139 \text{ mm}$$

1.3.3 Redukovaná dĺžka na strane zotrvačníka

$$D_{red_zotr} := 80 \text{ mm}$$

$$D_{rozt} := 84 \text{ mm}$$

$$l_{1_zotr} := 25 \text{ mm}$$

$$l_{2_zotr} := 35 \text{ mm}$$

$$L_{red_zotr} := l_{1_zotr} + \frac{L_{red_zal}}{2} + l_{2_zotr} \cdot \frac{D_{red_zotr}^4}{D_{rozt}^4} = 196.74182 \text{ mm}$$

1.4 Výpočet torzných tuhostí

1.4.1 Výpočet polárneho momentu zotrvačnosti

$$G_{ocel} := 81 \text{ GPa}$$

$$D_{red} := 80 \text{ mm}$$

$$J_p := \frac{\pi \cdot D_{red}^4}{32} = 4021238.59659 \text{ mm}^4$$

1.4.2 Výpočet torznej tuhosti za remenici

$$c_1 := \frac{G_{ocel} \cdot J_p}{L_{red_rem}} = 270259.35042 \frac{\text{N} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{rad}}$$

1.4.3 Výpočet torznej tuhosti za jednotlivé zalomenia

$$c_2 := \frac{G_{ocel} \cdot J_p}{L_{red_zal}} = 1139302.642239 \frac{\text{N} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{rad}}$$

$$c_3 := \frac{G_{ocel} \cdot J_p}{L_{red_zal}} = 1139302.642239 \frac{\text{N} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{rad}}$$

$$c_4 := \frac{G_{ocel} \cdot J_p}{L_{red_zal}} = 1139302.642239 \frac{\text{N} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{rad}}$$

$$c_5 := \frac{G_{ocel} \cdot J_p}{L_{red_zotr}} = 1655572.377731 \frac{\text{N} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{rad}}$$

1.5 Výpočet vlastných frekvencií jednovalcového motora

1.5.1 Výpočet vlastných frekvencií torzného kmitania

$$M := \begin{bmatrix} J_{rem_red} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & J_{zal_1_red} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & J_{zal_2_red} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & J_{zal_3_red} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & J_{zal_4_red} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & J_{zotr_red} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C:=\begin{bmatrix}c_1&-c_1&0&0&0&0\\-c_1&c_1+c_2&-c_2&0&0&0\\0&-c_2&c_2+c_3&-c_3&0&0\\0&0&-c_3&c_3+c_4&-c_4&0\\0&0&0&-c_4&c_4+c_5&-c_5\\0&0&0&0&-c_5&c_5\end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_1\!:=\!M^{-1}\!\cdot\!C$$

$$\lambda_c\!:=\!\text{eigenvals}\left(A_1\right)$$

$$\lambda_c=\begin{bmatrix}122941084.03756\\82072446.70996\\42562320.07307\\19689951.21012\\4450099.98803\\0\end{bmatrix}\frac{1}{\textcolor{blue}{s}^2}$$

$$\Omega_0\!:=\!^2\!\sqrt{\lambda_c}$$

$$\Omega_0=\begin{bmatrix}11087.88005\\9059.38446\\6523.98039\\4437.33605\\2109.52601\\0.00001\end{bmatrix}\frac{1}{\textcolor{blue}{s}}$$

$$f_0\!:=\!\frac{\Omega_0}{2\!\cdot\!\textcolor{green}{\pi}}$$

$$f_0=\begin{bmatrix}1764.69092\\1441.84582\\1038.32373\\706.22397\\335.74149\\0\end{bmatrix}\frac{1}{\textcolor{blue}{s}}$$

$$n_0\!:=\!f_0$$

$$n_0=\begin{bmatrix}105881.45512\\86510.74905\\62299.42362\\42373.43798\\20144.48953\\0.00005\end{bmatrix}\frac{1}{\textcolor{blue}{min}}$$

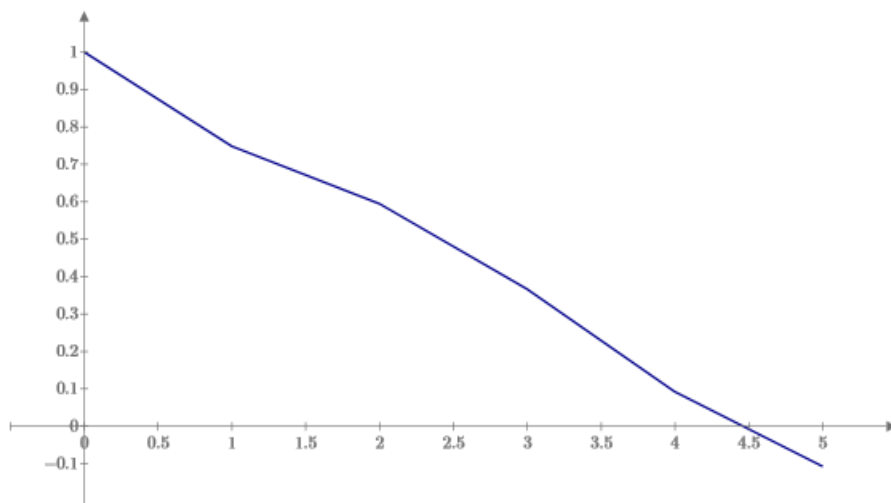
1.5.2 Výpočet vlastných tvarov torzného kmitania

$$w := \text{eigenvecs}(A_1)$$

$$i := 0..5$$

$$a_{1_i} := \frac{w_{i,4}}{w_{0,4}}$$

$$a_{1_i} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.74814 \\ 0.59449 \\ 0.36623 \\ 0.09199 \\ -0.1072 \end{bmatrix}$$

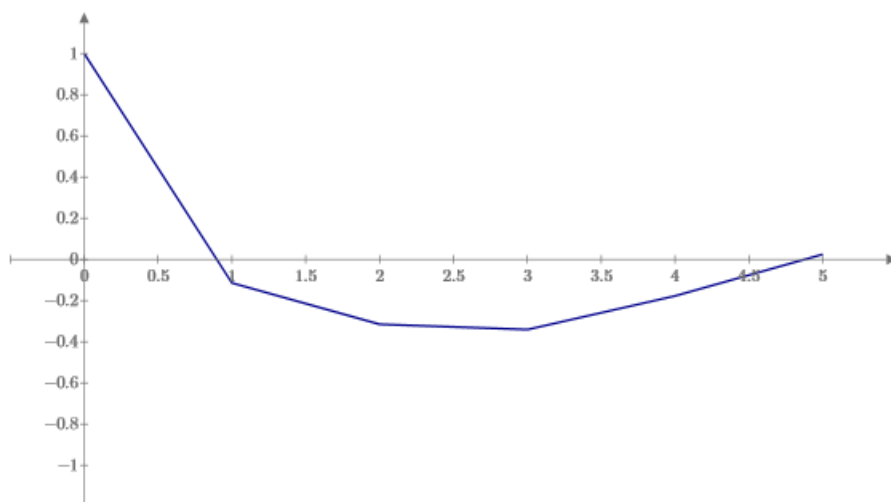


a_{1_i}

i

$$a_{2_i} := \frac{w_{i,3}}{w_{0,3}}$$

$$a_{2_i} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -0.11437 \\ -0.3152 \\ -0.34098 \\ -0.17739 \\ 0.02456 \end{bmatrix}$$



a_{2_i}

i

1.6 Vynútené torzné kmitanie

1.6.1 Harmonické zložky krútiaceho momentu

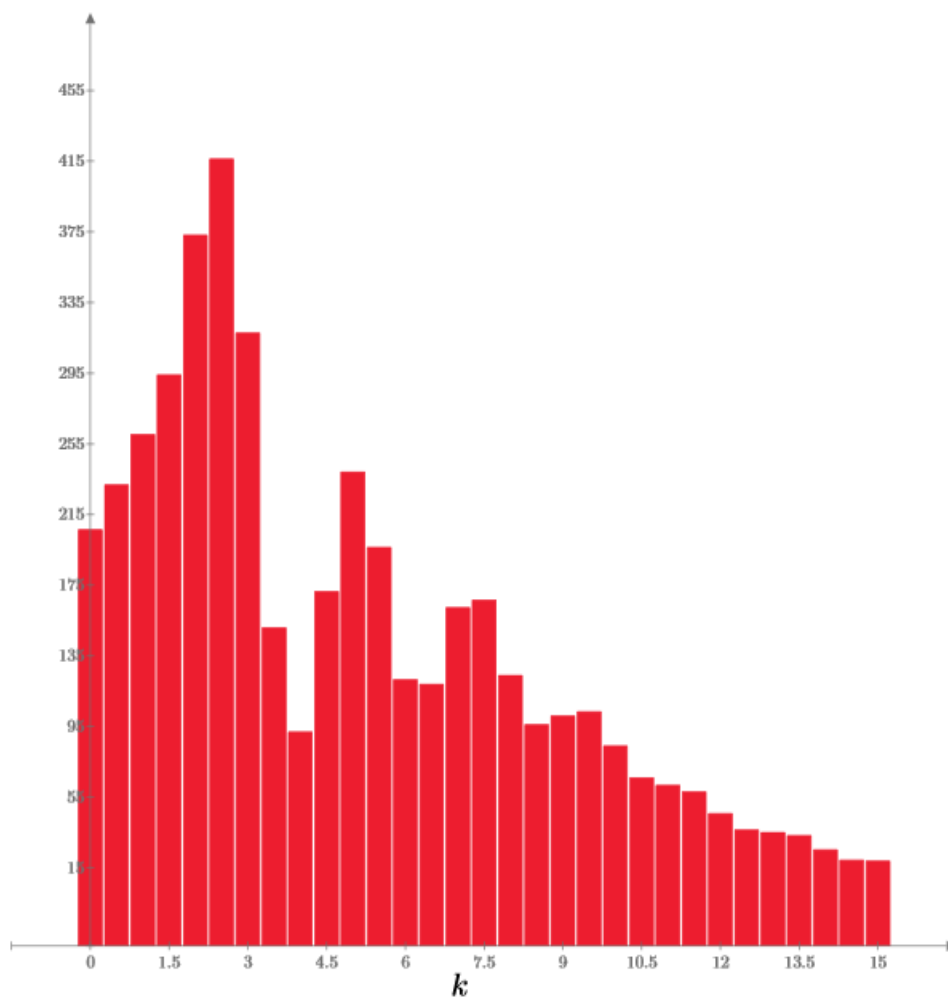
$$M_k := \text{READExcel}(\text{".\Mt.xlsx"}, \text{"Hárok1!A1:AAR1"})^T = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -9.76615 \\ -19.55695 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$n_{vz} := 720$$

$$k := 0, 0.5 \dots 15 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \quad j := 0 \dots 720 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$h := \frac{2}{n_{vz}} \cdot \sum_{j=0}^{n_{vz}-1} \left(M_{k_j} \cdot e^{1i \cdot \left(2 \cdot \pi \cdot k \cdot \frac{j}{n_{vz}} \right)} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 206.42388 \\ -108.08597 + 205.05275i \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M := \overrightarrow{[h]} \cdot \mathbf{N} \cdot \mathbf{m} = \begin{bmatrix} 206.42388 \\ 231.79562 \\ 260.33798 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{N} \cdot \mathbf{m}$$



M (N·m)

$$\kappa := 0.5, 1 \dots 15 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \\ 1 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

1.6.2 Kritické otáčky jednovalcového motora

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 206.42388 \\ 231.79562 \\ 260.33798 \\ 294.01377 \\ 373.13745 \\ 416.17748 \\ 317.70355 \\ 150.99878 \\ 92.00177 \\ 171.51415 \\ 239.08516 \\ 196.36091 \\ 121.64095 \\ 118.98011 \\ 162.33914 \\ 166.60043 \\ 123.99602 \\ 96.14156 \\ 101.06657 \\ 103.4203 \\ 84.09508 \\ 66.1159 \\ 61.77569 \\ 58.17126 \\ 45.86837 \\ 36.57707 \\ 35.16605 \\ 33.33502 \\ 25.34084 \\ 19.51387 \\ 18.94756 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} N \cdot m \\ n_1 := \frac{n_{0_4}}{\kappa} = \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} 40288.97905 \\ 20144.48953 \\ 13429.65968 \\ 10072.24476 \\ 8057.79581 \\ 6714.82984 \\ 5755.56844 \\ 5036.12238 \\ 4476.55323 \\ 4028.89791 \\ 3662.63446 \\ 3357.41492 \\ 3099.15223 \\ 2877.78422 \\ 2685.93194 \\ 2518.06119 \\ 2369.93994 \\ 2238.27661 \\ 2120.47258 \\ 2014.44895 \\ 1918.52281 \\ 1831.31723 \\ 1751.69474 \\ 1678.70746 \\ 1611.55916 \\ 1549.57612 \\ 1492.18441 \\ 1438.89211 \\ 1389.27514 \\ 1342.96597 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{min} n_2 := \frac{n_{0_3}}{\kappa} = \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} 84746.87596 \\ 42373.43798 \\ 28248.95865 \\ 21186.71899 \\ 16949.37519 \\ 14124.47933 \\ 12106.69657 \\ 10593.35949 \\ 9416.31955 \\ 8474.6876 \\ 7704.26145 \\ 7062.23966 \\ 6518.99046 \\ 6053.34828 \\ 5649.79173 \\ 5296.67975 \\ 4985.11035 \\ 4708.15978 \\ 4460.36189 \\ 4237.3438 \\ 4035.56552 \\ 3852.13073 \\ 3684.64678 \\ 3531.11983 \\ 3389.87504 \\ 3259.49523 \\ 3138.77318 \\ 3026.67414 \\ 2922.30607 \\ 2824.89587 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{min} \end{matrix}$$

1.6.3 Relatívna výdatnosť kmitov

$$z := 1$$

$$\delta := \frac{720 \cdot \textcolor{blue}{deg}}{z}$$

$$\psi := \delta \cdot k$$

$$\varepsilon_{1_1} := \sqrt{\left(\sum_{i=1}^1 a_{1_i} \cdot \sin(\psi_i)\right)^2 + \left(\sum_{i=1}^1 a_{1_i} \cdot \cos(\psi_i)\right)^2} \quad \varepsilon_{1_1} = 0.74814$$

$$\varepsilon_{2_1} := \sqrt{\left(\sum_{i=1}^1 a_{2_i} \cdot \sin(\psi_i)\right)^2 + \left(\sum_{i=1}^1 a_{2_i} \cdot \cos(\psi_i)\right)^2} \quad \varepsilon_{2_1} = 0.11437$$

$$\varepsilon_1 := \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \varepsilon_{1_1} \\ \varepsilon_{1_1} \\ \varepsilon_{1_1} \\ \varepsilon_{1_1} \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \quad \varepsilon_2 := \begin{bmatrix} \varepsilon_{2_1} \\ \varepsilon_{2_1} \\ \varepsilon_{2_1} \\ \varepsilon_{2_1} \\ \varepsilon_{2_1} \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

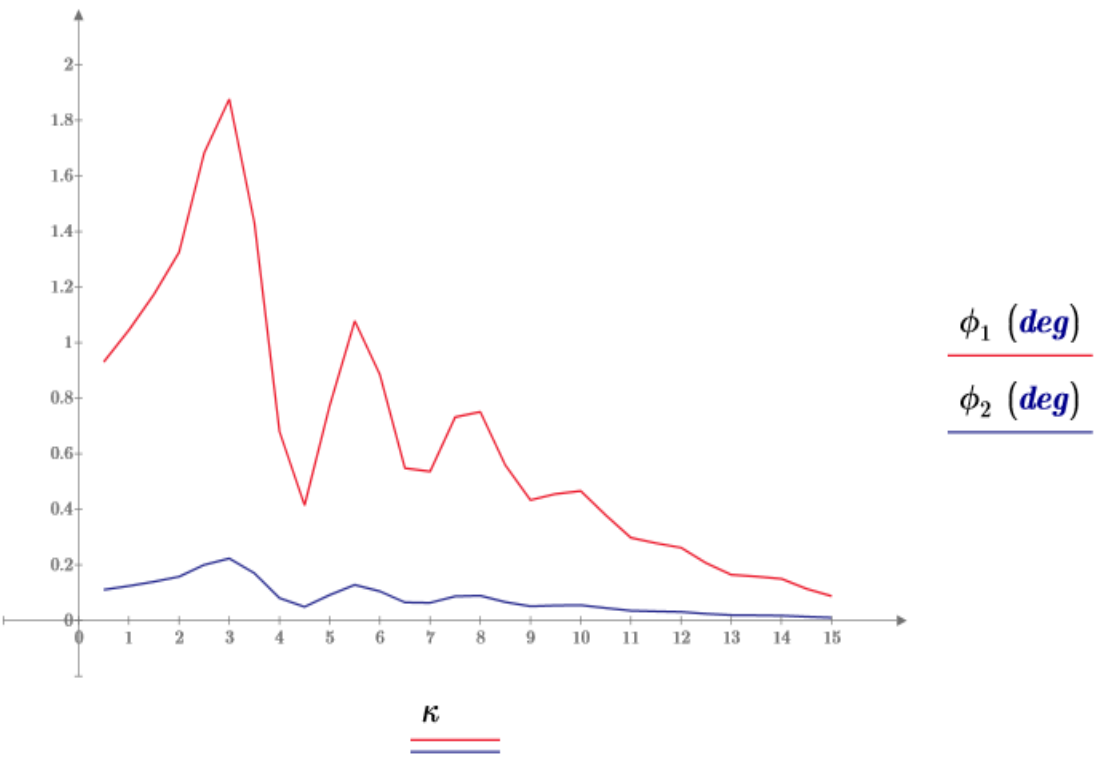
$$\xi := 2.18 \cdot \frac{\textcolor{blue}{N} \cdot \textcolor{blue}{m} \cdot \textcolor{blue}{s}}{\textcolor{blue}{rad}}$$

$$l := 0 \dots 30$$

$$\phi_{1_l} := \frac{M_l \cdot \varepsilon_{1_l}}{\Omega_{0_4} \cdot \xi \cdot \left(\sum_{i=0}^5 (a_{1_i})^2\right)} \quad \phi_{1_l} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.93076 \\ 1.04516 \\ 1.17386 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \textcolor{blue}{deg}$$

$$\phi_{2_l} := \frac{M_l \cdot \varepsilon_{2_l}}{\Omega_{0_3} \cdot \xi \cdot \left(\sum_{i=0}^5 (a_{2_i})^2\right)} \quad \phi_{2_l} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.11091 \\ 0.12455 \\ 0.13988 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \textcolor{blue}{deg}$$

1.6.4 Torzné výchylky voľného konca kľukového hriadeľa



2 Výpočet bezpečnosti voči vysokocyklovej únavě

$$\sigma_{ctah} := 495 \text{ MPa}$$

$$R_m := 1250 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{cohyb} := 525 \text{ MPa}$$

$$R_e := 900 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{eX} := 411.11 \text{ MPa}$$

$$d_{vz} := 7.5 \text{ mm}$$

$$\sigma_{eX1} := 16.567 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{eXB} := 117.78 \text{ MPa}$$

$$xx_1 := 0.662206 \text{ mm}$$

$$\chi_R := \frac{1}{\sigma_{eX}} \cdot \left(\frac{\sigma_{eX} - \sigma_{eX1}}{xx_1} \right)$$

$$\chi_R = 1.44925 \frac{1}{\text{mm}}$$

$$f_G := 1 + \frac{\frac{\sigma_{cohyb}}{\sigma_{ctah}} - 1}{\frac{2}{d_{vz}}} \cdot \chi_R$$

$$f_G = 1.32937$$

$$f_{\beta\alpha} := 1 + \sqrt[2]{\chi_R \cdot \text{mm} \cdot 10^{0.35 + \frac{R_e}{810 \cdot \text{MPa}}}}$$

$$f_{\beta\alpha} = 1.04164$$

$$\sigma_{emax} := \sigma_{eX}$$

$$\sigma_{emax} = 411.11 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{emin} := \sigma_{eXB}$$

$$\sigma_{emin} = 117.78 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{ea} := \left| \frac{\sigma_{emax} - \sigma_{emin}}{2} \right|$$

$$\sigma_{ea} = 146.665 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{em} := \left| \frac{\sigma_{emax} + \sigma_{emin}}{2} \right|$$

$$\sigma_{em} = 264.445 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\eta_\sigma := 0.814$$

$$\eta_\sigma = 0.814$$

$$\nu_\sigma := 1.51 \cdot 80^{-0.157}$$

$$\nu_\sigma = 0.75891$$

$$k_U := \frac{1}{f_{\beta\alpha} \cdot \frac{\sigma_{ea}}{\sigma_{ctah} \cdot f_G \cdot \eta_\sigma \cdot \nu_\sigma} + \frac{\sigma_{em}}{R_m}}$$

$$k_U = 1.7025$$

$$k_{Ukal} := k_U \cdot 1.3$$

$$k_{Ukal} = 2.21325$$

3 Torzné kmitanie jednovalcového motora v spojení s dynamometrom

3.1 Výpočet vlnných frekvencií

3.1.1 Výpočet vlastných frekvencií torzného kmitania

$$J_{dyn} := 0.4 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

$$J_2 := 0.01 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

$$J_1 := 0.004 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

$$J_{22} := 0.257298 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

$$J_{11} := 0.01233 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

$$c_6 := 280 \cdot \frac{\text{N} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{rad}}$$

$$M_M := \begin{bmatrix} J_{rem_red} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & J_{zal_1_red} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & J_{zal_2_red} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & J_{zal_3_red} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & J_{zal_4_red} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & J_{zotr_red} + J_1 + J_{11} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & J_{22} + J_2 + J_{dyn} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C := \begin{bmatrix} c_1 & -c_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -c_1 & c_1 + c_2 & -c_2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -c_2 & c_2 + c_3 & -c_3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -c_3 & c_3 + c_4 & -c_4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -c_4 & c_4 + c_5 & -c_5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -c_5 & c_5 + c_6 & -c_6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -c_6 & c_6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_1 := M_M^{-1} \cdot C$$

$$\lambda_c := \text{eigenvals}(A_1)$$

$$\lambda_c = \begin{bmatrix} 122938869.10013 \\ 82060248.09901 \\ 42543512.0684 \\ 19682187.36009 \\ 4435886.65784 \\ 744.54154 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$\Omega_0\coloneqq\sqrt[2]{\lambda_c}$$

$$\Omega_0=\begin{bmatrix}11087.78017\\9058.71117\\6522.53877\\4436.46113\\2106.15447\\27.28629\\0.00003\end{bmatrix}\frac{1}{\textcolor{blue}{s}}$$

$$f_0\coloneqq\frac{\Omega_0}{2\cdot\textcolor{brown}{\pi}}$$

$$f_0=\begin{bmatrix}1764.67502\\1441.73866\\1038.09429\\706.08472\\335.2049\\4.34275\\0\end{bmatrix}\frac{1}{\textcolor{blue}{s}}$$

$$n_0\coloneqq f_0$$

$$n_0=\begin{bmatrix}105880.50132\\86504.31966\\62285.65725\\42365.08312\\20112.2937\\260.56486\\0.00026\end{bmatrix}\frac{1}{\textcolor{blue}{min}}$$

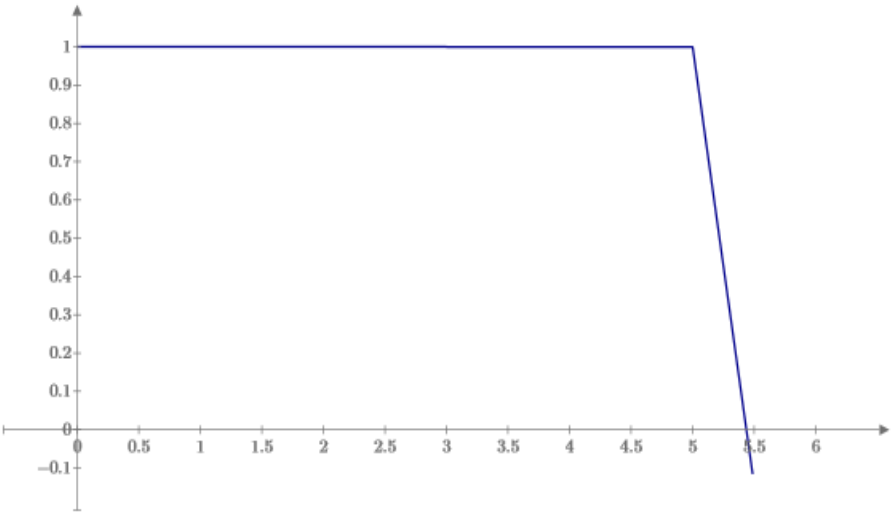
3.1.2 Výpočet vlastných tvarov torzného kmitania

$w := \text{eigenvecs}(A_1)$

$i := 0 \dots 6$

$$a_{1_i} := \frac{w_{i,5}}{w_{0,5}}$$

$$a_{1_i} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.99996 \\ 0.99993 \\ 0.99987 \\ 0.9998 \\ 0.99973 \\ -1.29098 \end{bmatrix}$$

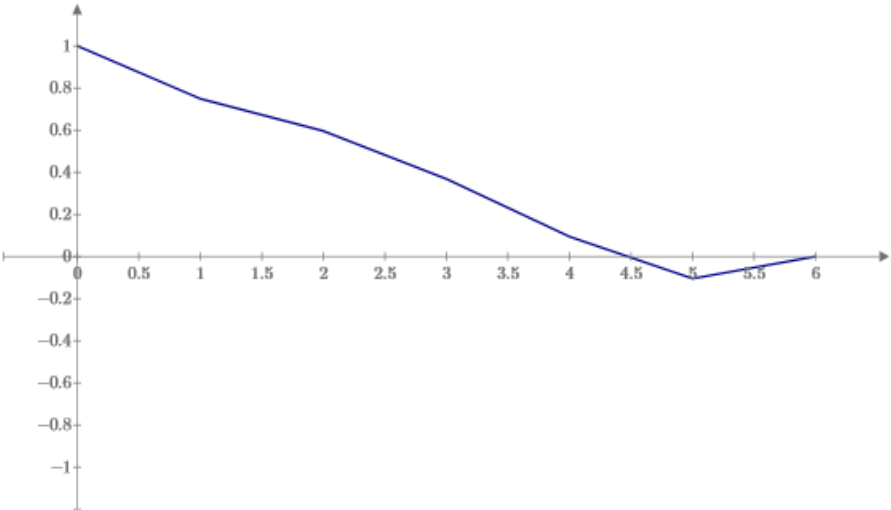


a_{1_i}

i

$$a_{2_i} := \frac{w_{i,4}}{w_{0,4}}$$

$$a_{2_i} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.74895 \\ 0.59569 \\ 0.3679 \\ 0.09408 \\ -0.10503 \\ 0.00001 \end{bmatrix}$$



a_{2_i}

i

$$\kappa := 0.5, 1 \dots 15 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \\ 1 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

3.2 Vynútené torzné kmitanie jednovalcového motora v spojení s dynamometrom

3.2.1 Kritické otáčky jednovalcového motora v spojení s dynamometrom

$$n_1 := \frac{n_{0_5}}{\kappa} = \begin{bmatrix} 521.12972 \\ 260.56486 \\ 173.70991 \\ 130.28243 \\ 104.22594 \\ 86.85495 \\ 74.4471 \\ 65.14122 \\ 57.9033 \\ 52.11297 \\ 47.37543 \\ 43.42748 \\ 40.0869 \\ 37.22355 \\ 34.74198 \\ 32.57061 \\ 30.65469 \\ 28.95165 \\ 27.42788 \\ 26.05649 \\ 24.8157 \\ 23.68771 \\ 22.65781 \\ 21.71374 \\ 20.84519 \\ 20.04345 \\ 19.3011 \\ 18.61178 \\ 17.96999 \\ 17.37099 \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\text{min}}$$

$$n_2 := \frac{n_{0_4}}{\kappa} = \begin{bmatrix} 40224.58741 \\ 20112.2937 \\ 13408.1958 \\ 10056.14685 \\ 8044.91748 \\ 6704.0979 \\ 5746.36963 \\ 5028.07343 \\ 4469.3986 \\ 4022.45874 \\ 3656.78067 \\ 3352.04895 \\ 3094.19903 \\ 2873.18481 \\ 2681.63916 \\ 2514.03671 \\ 2366.1522 \\ 2234.6993 \\ 2117.08355 \\ 2011.22937 \\ 1915.45654 \\ 1828.39034 \\ 1748.8951 \\ 1676.02448 \\ 1608.9835 \\ 1547.09952 \\ 1489.79953 \\ 1436.59241 \\ 1387.05474 \\ 1340.81958 \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\text{min}}$$

3.2.2 Relatívna výdatnosť kmitov

$z:=1$

$k:=0,0.5..15=$

$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$

$$\delta:=\frac{720\cdot\textcolor{blue}{deg}}{z}$$

$$\psi:=\delta\cdot k$$

$$\varepsilon_{1_1}:=\sqrt[2]{\left(\sum_{i=1}^1a_{1_i}\cdot\sin\left(\psi_i\right)\right)^2+\left(\sum_{i=1}^1a_{1_i}\cdot\cos\left(\psi_i\right)\right)^2}$$

$\varepsilon_{1_1}=0.99996$

$$\varepsilon_{2_1}:=\sqrt[2]{\left(\sum_{i=1}^1a_{2_i}\cdot\sin\left(\psi_i\right)\right)^2+\left(\sum_{i=1}^1a_{2_i}\cdot\cos\left(\psi_i\right)\right)^2}$$

$\varepsilon_{2_1}=0.74895$

$$\varepsilon_1:=\begin{bmatrix} \varepsilon_{1_1} \\ \varepsilon_{1_1} \\ \varepsilon_{1_1} \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\varepsilon_2:=\begin{bmatrix} \varepsilon_{2_1} \\ \varepsilon_{2_1} \\ \varepsilon_{2_1} \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xi:=2.18\cdot\frac{\textcolor{blue}{N}\cdot\textcolor{blue}{m}\cdot\textcolor{blue}{s}}{\textcolor{blue}{rad}}$$

$$I_{spoj}:=J_1+J_2$$

$$\Omega_{spoj}:=\Omega_{0_4}$$

$$\gamma:=0.2$$

$$\xi_{spoj}:=2\cdot I_{spoj}\cdot\Omega_{spoj}\cdot\gamma$$

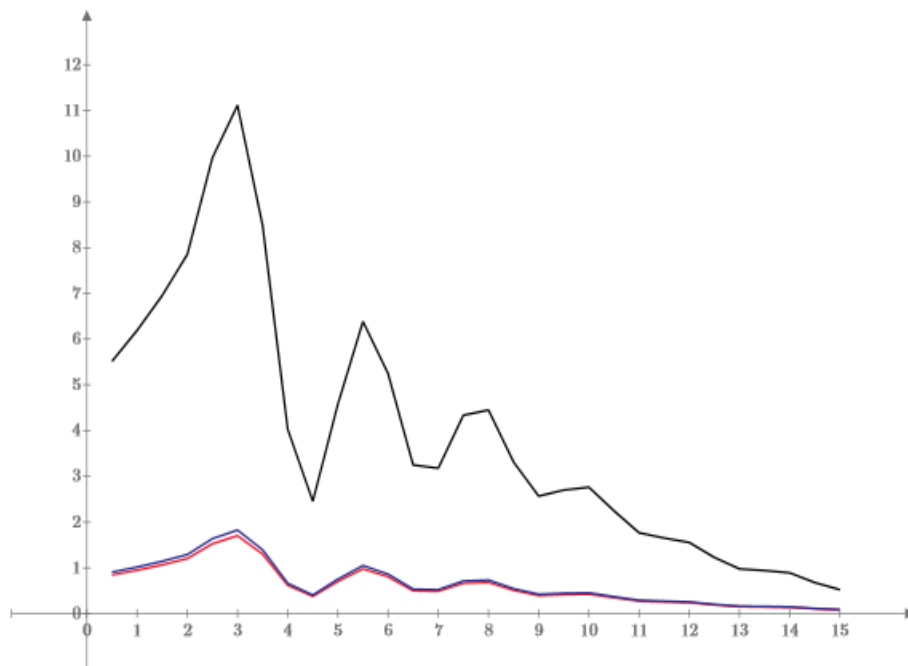
3.2.3 Výchyľky voľného konca kľukového hriadeľa

$l := 0 \dots 30$

$$\phi_{1l} := \frac{M_l \cdot \varepsilon_{1l}}{\Omega_{0_5} \cdot \left(\xi \cdot \sum_{i=0}^6 (a_{1_i})^2 + \xi_{spoj} \cdot (a_{1_5} - a_{1_6})^2 \right)} \quad \phi_{1l} = \begin{bmatrix} 5.51437 \\ 6.19215 \\ 6.95463 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \text{deg}$$

$$\phi_{21l} := \frac{M_l \cdot \varepsilon_{2l}}{\Omega_{0_4} \cdot \left(\xi \cdot \sum_{i=0}^6 (a_{2_i})^2 + \xi_{spoj} \cdot (a_{2_5} - a_{2_6})^2 \right)} \quad \phi_{21l} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.90545 \\ 1.01674 \\ 1.14194 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \text{deg}$$

$$\phi_{22l} := \frac{M_l \cdot \varepsilon_{2l}}{\Omega_{0_4} \cdot \left(\xi \cdot \sum_{i=0}^6 (a_{2_i})^2 + \xi_{spoj} \cdot (a_{2_4} - a_{2_5})^2 \right)} \quad \phi_{22l} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.84413 \\ 0.94788 \\ 1.0646 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \text{deg}$$



$\phi_{22} \text{ (deg)}$

$\phi_{21} \text{ (deg)}$

$\phi_1 \text{ (deg)}$

κ

4 Overenie spojenia jednovalcového motora s dynamometrom

4.1 Kontrola skrutkových spojov

4.1.1 Vstupné parametre

$$i_s := 6$$

$$l_{z2} := 30 \text{ mm}$$

$$D_{r1} := 130 \text{ mm}$$

$$P := 1.75 \text{ mm}$$

$$D_{r2} := 240 \text{ mm}$$

$$A_S := 84.3 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$M_{kmax} := 162 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$$

$$\alpha := 60 \text{ deg}$$

$$k_n := 2$$

$$s := 18 \text{ mm}$$

$$f := 0.2$$

$$d_h := 13.5 \text{ mm}$$

$$d := 12 \text{ mm}$$

$$R_{p0.2} := 640 \text{ MPa}$$

$$l_{z1} := 10 \text{ mm}$$

$$p_d := 150 \text{ MPa}$$

4.1.2 Kontrola skrutkových spojov na strane motora

$$F := \frac{2 \cdot M_{kmax}}{D_{r1} \cdot i_s}$$

$$F = 415.38462 \text{ N}$$

$$F_i := \frac{k_n \cdot F}{f}$$

$$F_i = 4153.84615 \text{ N}$$

$$H := 0.5 \cdot \sqrt[2]{3} \cdot P$$

$$H = 1.51554 \text{ mm}$$

$$d_2 := d - \frac{3}{4} \cdot H$$

$$d_2 = 10.86334 \text{ mm}$$

$$d_3 := d - \frac{17}{12} \cdot H$$

$$d_3 = 9.85298 \text{ mm}$$

$$d_O := \frac{s + d_h}{2}$$

$$d_O = 15.75 \text{ mm}$$

$$M_Z := \frac{F_i \cdot d_2}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{P + \pi \cdot f \cdot d_2 \cdot \sec\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)}{\pi \cdot d_2 - f \cdot P \cdot \sec\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)} \right)$$

$$M_Z = 6443.78693 \text{ N} \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$M_O := \frac{F_i \cdot f \cdot d_O}{2}$$

$$M_O = 6542.30769 \text{ N} \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$M_U := M_Z + M_O$$

$$M_U = 12986.09462 \text{ } \textcolor{blue}{N} \cdot \textcolor{blue}{mm}$$

$$\sigma_i := \frac{F_i}{A_S}$$

$$\sigma_i = 49.27457 \text{ } \textcolor{blue}{MPa}$$

$$\tau := \frac{16 \cdot M_Z}{\textcolor{brown}{\pi} \cdot d_3^3}$$

$$\tau = 34.30905 \text{ } \textcolor{blue}{MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{red} := \sqrt{\sigma_i^2 + 3 \cdot \tau^2}$$

$$\sigma_{red} = 77.1966 \text{ } \textcolor{blue}{MPa}$$

$$k_{k1} := \frac{R_{p0.2}}{\sigma_{red}}$$

$$k_{k1} = 8.29052$$

$$D_1 := d - \frac{10}{8} \cdot H$$

$$D_1 = 10.10557 \text{ } \textcolor{blue}{mm}$$

$$n_z := \frac{l_{z1}}{P}$$

$$n_z = 5.71429$$

$$n_z := 5$$

$$p_1 := \frac{F_i}{n_z \cdot \frac{\textcolor{brown}{\pi}}{4} \cdot (d^2 - D_1^2)}$$

$$p_1 = 25.25865 \text{ } \textcolor{blue}{MPa}$$

$$p_1 < p_d = 1$$

4.1.2 Kontrola skrutkových spojov na strane dynamomtra

$$F := \frac{2 \cdot M_{kmax}}{D_{r2} \cdot i_s}$$

$$F = 225 \text{ } \textcolor{blue}{N}$$

$$F_i := \frac{k_n \cdot F}{f}$$

$$F_i = 2250 \text{ } \textcolor{blue}{N}$$

$$H := 0.5 \cdot \sqrt[2]{3} \cdot P$$

$$H = 1.51554 \text{ } \textcolor{blue}{mm}$$

$$d_2 := d - \frac{3}{4} \cdot H$$

$$d_2 = 10.86334 \text{ } \textcolor{blue}{mm}$$

$$d_3 := d - \frac{17}{12} \cdot H$$

$$d_3 = 9.85298 \text{ } \textcolor{blue}{mm}$$

$$d_O := \frac{s + d_h}{2}$$

$$d_O = 15.75 \text{ } \textcolor{blue}{mm}$$

$$M_Z:=\frac{F_i\cdot d_2}{2}\cdot\left(\frac{P+\pi\cdot f\cdot d_2\cdot sec\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)}{\pi\cdot d_2-f\cdot P\cdot sec\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)}\right)$$

$$M_Z=3490.38459\text{ }\textcolor{blue}{N\cdot mm}$$

$$M_O:=\frac{F_i\cdot f\cdot d_O}{2}$$

$$M_O=3543.75\text{ }\textcolor{blue}{N\cdot mm}$$

$$M_U:=M_Z+M_O$$

$$M_U=7034.13459\text{ }\textcolor{blue}{N\cdot mm}$$

$$\sigma_i:=\frac{F_i}{A_S}$$

$$\sigma_i=26.69039\text{ }\textcolor{blue}{MPa}$$

$$\tau:=\frac{16\cdot M_Z}{\pi\cdot d_3^3}$$

$$\tau=18.58407\text{ }\textcolor{blue}{MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{red}:=\sqrt{\sigma_i^2+3\cdot\tau^2}$$

$$\sigma_{red}=41.81483\text{ }\textcolor{blue}{MPa}$$

$$k_{k2}:=\frac{R_{p0.2}}{\sigma_{red}}$$

$$k_{k2}=15.30558$$

$$D_1:=d-\frac{10}{8}\cdot H$$

$$D_1=10.10557\text{ }\textcolor{blue}{mm}$$

$$n_z:=\frac{l_{z2}}{P}$$

$$n_z=17.14286$$

$$n_z:=17$$

$$p_2:=\frac{F_i}{n_z\cdot\frac{\pi}{4}\cdot\left(d^2-D_1^2\right)}$$

$$p_2=4.02405\text{ }\textcolor{blue}{MPa}$$

$$p_2<p_d=1$$

4.2 Kontrola pružnej spojky

4.2.1 Vstupné parametre

$$S_t := 1.25$$

$$S_B := 1.1$$

$$f_x := 35$$

$$T_{KN} := 250 \cdot \mathbf{N \cdot m}$$

$$T_{KW} := 80 \cdot \mathbf{N \cdot m}$$

$$M_{kspojmax} := 162 \cdot \mathbf{N \cdot m}$$

4.2.2 Kontrola prekročenia limitnú hodnotu krútiaceho momentu

$$T_{AN} := M_{kspojmax} \cdot S_t \cdot S_B$$

$$T_{AN} = 222.75 \mathbf{N \cdot m}$$

$$T_{KN} \geq T_{AN} = 1$$

4.2.3 Kontrola pružnej spojky z hľadiska únavy

$$M_{kamax} := 40 \cdot \mathbf{N \cdot m}$$

$$f_x := \frac{1100}{60}$$

$$S_f := \sqrt[2]{\frac{f_x}{10}}$$

$$S_f = 1.35401$$

$$T_W := M_{kamax} \cdot S_f \cdot S_t$$

$$T_W = 67.70032 \mathbf{N \cdot m}$$

$$T_{KW} \geq T_W = 1$$